今やらないでいつする③

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三人称単数登場です。これを乗り越えれば、今まで謎だらけと 思っていた英語が変わるはずです。これを乗り越えずして英語の 未来は〇〇!

<三人称単数とは何か?>

- ○一人称は「私」が入ります。

 - 一人称単数、<u>I</u> です。 一人称複数、<u>we</u> です。

(例) you and I Ken and I

○二人称は、相手です。 二人称単数は、you です。 二人称複数も you です。 (例)you and Ken you and your sister

○三人称、私、相手以外の残りです。

三人称単数は、代名詞では he she it です。 (例) Ken my sister this my dog 三人称複数は、代名詞では they です。

(例) Taro and Jiro my brothers my cats those

* is am are がある文の__is を使うのが三人称単数です。

<肯定文> 「~です」

play tennis after school.

Ken plays tennis after school.

(Ken は is am are の時、is を使うので三人称単数です。この時に一般動詞があると その動詞に \underline{s} をつけます。ここでは、 \underline{play} → \underline{play} になります。

- 1()内の語を正しくしなさい。かえる必要のないものもあります。
 - (1) <u>I</u> (like) tennis very much. (2) Kumiko (want) a new bike.

 - (3) Tim and Bob (play) the guitar very well.
 (4) My brother (live) in Canada.
 (5) Paul (listen) to music after dinner.
 (6) My cats (eat) tuna.

 - (7) Ken's aunt (sing) well.
 (8) Tom (speak) Japanese very well.
 (9) Jim (walk) to school every morning.
- (10) That man (use) this computer every day.
- *この問題は、(超 easy easy a little difficult very difficult
 - (注) s でないもの。テストではこちらの方がよく出題されます。

watch \rightarrow watches have \rightarrow has study \rightarrow studies try \rightarrow tries wash \rightarrow washes

三人称単数では一般動詞があると does に not をつけて否定文を作ります。ただし、動詞は原形(s のない形)に戻ります。 (例) I walk in the park every morning. → I don't walk in the park. Jane walks in the park every morning. Jane doesn't walk in the park every morning.					
2 ()内に適する英語を書き、否定文を完成させなさい。 (1) Tim plays tennis after school. Tim ()() tennis after school.					
(2) Ichiro likes basketball very much. Ichiro () (basketball very much.)					
(3) James and George James and Deorge () (speak Japanese well.) Japanese well.					
(4) Jason Studies math after dinner. Jason () (math after dinner.					
(5) My sister Kumi watches sumo on TV. My sister Kumi () () sumo on TV.					
<疑問文>					
三人称単数では一般動詞があると does を使って疑問文を作ります。ただし、動詞は原形(s のない形に)戻ります。Yes, No, で答える時には、必ず、he, she, it が現れ, does で答えます。 (例)You play volleyball after school? → Do you play volleyball after school? John washes his father's car every Sunday. Does John wash his father's car every Sunday? Yes, he does./No, he doesn't.					
3 () 内に適する英語を書き、疑問文と答えを完成させなさい。 (1) Ken's sister Junko watches sumo on TV. () Ken's sister Junko (Yes, ()(
(2) Your dog <u>has</u> three babies.) your dog () three babies? Yes, () (
(3) You watch TV after dinner. () you (TV after dinner? No, () (
(4) Tom <u>plays</u> baseball after school. () Tom () baseball after school?					
(5) Ichiro <u>likes</u> cats very much. () Ichiro () cats very much?					
Yes, ()(*この問題は、(超 easy easy a little difficult very difficult)					

今やらないでいつする③ 解答 1()内の語を正しくしなさい。かえる必要のないものもあります。						
(1)	I (like) tennis very much.	like				
(2)	Kumiko (want) a new bike.	wants				
(3)	<u>Tim and Bob</u> (play) the guitar very well.	play				
(4)	My brother (live) in Canada.	lives				
(5)	Paul (listen) to music after dinner.	listens				
(6)	My cats (eat) tuna.	eats				
(7)	Ken's aunt (sing) well.	sings				
(8)	Tom (speak) Japanese very well.	speaks				
(9)	<u>Jim</u> (walk) to school every morning.	walks				
(10)	That man (use) this computer every day.	uses				
2 (1))内に適する英語を書き、否定文を完成させなさり Tim plays tennis after school. Tim (doesn't)(play) tennis after school.	, \ ₀				
(2)	Ichiro (doesn't) (likes basketball very much. basketball very much.					
(3)	James and George James and Deorge (don't) (speak speak Japanese well. Japanese well.	l.				
(4)	Jason (doesn't) (studies study) math after dinner.					
(5)	My sister Kumi (doesn't) (watches watch) sumo on TV. My sister Kumi (doesn't) (watch) sumo on TV.					
3 (1))内に適する英語を書き、疑問文と答えを完成させ Ken's sister Junko (Does) Ken's sister Junko (watch) sumo on TV Yes, (she)	V. 7?				
(2)	Your dog has three babies. (Does) your dog (have) three babies? Yes, (it)					
(3)	Vou watch TV after dinner					

Yes, (she) (does).

Your dog has three babies.

Does) your dog (have) three babies?

Yes, (it) (does).

Yes, (it) (does).

Yes, (it) (does).

You watch TV after dinner.

Do) you (watch) TV after dinner?

No, (I) (don't).

Tom plays baseball after school.

Does) Tom (play) baseball after school?

No, (he) (doesn't).

Ichiro likes cats very much.

Does) Ichiro (like) cats very much?

Yes, (he) (does).